THE CATHOLIC PARISH OF ST PANCRAS, IPSWICH

Deum diligere et quæ sunt Dei

'To love God and the things of God'

The Presbytery 1 Orwell Place **Ipswich** IP4 1BD

Tel: 01473 252596 parishpriest@stpancraschurch.org.uk www.stpancraschurch.org.uk



Parish Administrator: Fr Joseph Welch

> Sundays: Yr B Weekdays: Yr 1

July is dedicated to the Precious Blood of Jesus

Sunday 18th July 2021

16th Sunday of the Year 09:30 — Pro populo 11:00 — Holy Souls

Monday 19th July

S. Apollinaris 10am — Kathryn Jones RIP

Tuesday 20th July

S. Jerome Emiliani 8am (EF) — Zeno Mattiuzzo RIP

Wednesday 21st July

S. Lawrence of Brindisi 1:30pm — Requiem: Neil Ward RIP 6pm — Tom Shaw

Thursday 22nd July

S. Mary Magdalene 12:15pm — Maire 'Doc' Heley RIP

Friday 23rd July

S. Bridget 10am — Edivaldo Silva RIP

11:30am — Requiem: Christopher List RIP

Saturday 24th July

S. Sharbel Makhlúf 10am — James Convey Vigil of 17th Sunday of the Year 6pm — Daniela Macedo da Josta RIP

CONFESSIONS:

Mon — Fri: 20 minutes before each Mass R Et salutáre tuum da nobis. Sat: 9:30 — 10:00 & 5pm — 5:45pm

Sat: 5pm — 5:45pm ADORATION:

Mon — Fri: after Mass **ROSARY:**

DEVOTIONS TO O.L. OF IPSWICH & **S. Pancras:** Sat after 10am Mass

EF Masses: 2nd Sunday of the month at 8am. (Next 2nd Sunday Mass: 8th August)

THE ASPERGES — SPRINKLING WITH HOLY WATER

Traditionally, the Asperges is sung at the beginning of the Solemn Mass on a Sunday. Drawing on verses from Ps 50, one of the Seven Penitential Psalms, it is formed of an Antiphon (Asperges me...), followed by a verse (Miserére mei...), the Gloria Patri, before the Antiphon is repeated (Asperges me...). After the concluding versicles and responsaries the Asperges ends with a Collect (or short prayer).

The ceremony dates from at least the 8th century and is, in essence, a shortened version of the blessing of the people with Holy Water at the Easter Vigil and is a liturgical extension of the cleansing of the soul from sin in Baptism. Because the ceremony couldn't be repeated at every weekday Mass, the practice grew up of having holy water stoops at the entrance to churches so that people could bless themselves with holy water every time they entered and left the church.

At St Pancras, the choir sings the Asperges on alternate Sunday. As soon as congregational singing is allowed again please join in with the responses.

Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et Thou shalt sprinkle me, O Lord, with mundábor: lavábis me, et super nivem hyssop, and I shall be cleansed; Thou dealbábor.

Miserére mei, Deus, secúndum magnam Have mercy on me, O God, according misericórdiam tuam.

Glória Patri, et Fílio, et Spirítui Sancto. Glory be to the Father, and to the Sicut erat in princípio, et nunc, et sem- Son, and to the Holy Ghost. As it was per, et in sæcula sæculórum. Amen.

Aspérges me. Dómine, hyssópo, et Thou shalt sprinkle me, O Lord, with mundábor: lavábis me, et super nivem hyssop, and I shall be cleansed; Thou dealbábor.

At the foot of the altar the priest says:

- V Osténde nobis, Dómine, misericórdi- V Show us, O Lord, Thy mercy.
- V Dómine, exáudi oratiónem meam.
- \vec{R} Et clamor meus ad te véniat.
- V Dóminus vobíscum.
- \hat{R} Et cum spíritu tuo.

Priest: Orémus.

Exáudi nos, Dómine sancte, Pater om- Hear us, O holy Lord, almighty Fanípotens, ætérne Deus, et míttere ther, everlasting God, and vouchsafe dignéris sanctum Angelum tuum de to send Thy holy Angel from heaven, cælis, qui custódiat, fóveat, prótegat, to guard, cherish, protect, visit and visitet, atque deféndat omnes habitantes defend all that are assembled in this in hoc habitáculo. Per Christum Dómi- place: Through Christ our Lord. num nostrum. \hat{R} Amen.

shalt wash me, and I shall become whiter than snow.

to Thy great mercy.

in the beginning, is now, and ever shall be, world without end. Amen. shalt wash me, and I shall become whiter than snow.

At the foot of the altar the priest says:

 \vec{R} And grant us Thy salvation.

V O Lord, hear my prayer.

 \hat{R} And let my cry come unto Thee.

V The Lord be with you.

 \hat{R} And with thy spirit.

Priest: Let us pray.

R Amen.

Work continues In the church, W&A Boggis continue the work on the organ, and we continue to make use of an electronic keyboard temporarily. In the house, the office furniture is now all in place, although there are a couple of minor details that still need attention, and the office is ready to use except for the internet which will be connected in the next couple of weeks or so.

'From mine own library': summer reading suggestions. On Being Catholic by Thomas Howard (Ignatius Press) gives us a series of lay meditations that open up 'in practical and simple terms the richness at work in virtually every detail of Catholic prayer, piety, liturgy and experience.' This was the author's first full-length book since converting to the Catholic Faith from evangelical Christianity in 1985. Howard, a prominent and lively American professor of English, died last October.

Altar Linens The parish is urgently in need of someone willing to *co-ordinate* the work of altar linen laundry (large altar cloths and small altar linens). If you can help please contact Fr Joseph. Thank you.

Plans for the autumn First Holy Communion & Confirmation classes will begin again. We plan a Mother & Toddler group midweek, and a home-schooling group once a month. There will be adult catechetical talks on Wednesdays after the evening Mass. There is a parish day of recollection in the pipeline, and during the month of the rosary we shall have October devotions and Benediction on Sunday afternoons. Also in October, once many of the pandemic restrictions are lifted, we hope to have an 'official re-opening' of the parish, as it were, on or around the 60th anniversary of the church's consecration in 1961. Watch this space!

GOOD COUNSEL NETWORK

Offering support for women facing the loss of a child through abortion

Forthcoming events

11th Annual GK Chesterton pilgrimage — Sat. 24th July 40 Days for Life — begins in September March for Life UK — Sat. 4th September www.GoodCounselNetwork.com

Sick List Prayers are asked for Judy Fell, Lee Porter, Jim Convey, Simon Marriage, and Mary Driscoll.

Of your charity

Please pray for the repose of the souls of those who have died recently, especially Christopher List, Neil Ward, and Mary Mummery, as well for all whose anniversaries occur at this time: Walter Blackwell, William Sheridan, Walter Culling, Annie Skeit, Anthony Murphy, Anthony Stokes, William Hynes, Margaret Shevlin, Maria Kondvotiene, Adrian Cauldwell, Lorraine Bayton, Arthur Leason, Jacobus Bird, Catherine O'Flaherty, Terrence Cooke, Giuseppina Melnyk, Rose Keenan, Bernadette Bower, David Barham, Frank Louis, Colman Stanton, Stanislaw Crzedzielski, and Evelyn Davies. Eternal rest grant unto them, O Lord, and let perpetual light shine upon them.

Fr Joseph writes: The Mass-Pt VI Just as lay people put on their Sunday best for Mass, dressing up rather than down, so the priest wears sacred vestments. But before vesting, in the sacristy, he washes his hands, saying, Da, Domine, virtutem manibus meis ad abstergendam omnem maculam; ut sine pollutione mentis et corporis valeam tibi servire. 'Give virtue to my hands, O Lord, that being cleansed from all stain I might serve you with purity of mind and body.'

He then puts on the first vestment, the *amice*, from the Latin *amicere*, to surround or cover. The amice looks like an oversized handkerchief with two ribbons so that it can be tied. The priest places it briefly on his head before dropping it so that it covers his shoulders. As he ties the ribbons he prays: *Impone, Domine, capiti meo galeam salutis, ad expugnandos diabolicos incursus, which means*, 'Lord, set the helmet of salvation on my head to fend off all the assaults of the devil.' The prayer is a reference to St Paul's Letter to the Ephesians, 'And take unto you the helmet of salvation' (Eph 6:17).

Next, the priest puts on the long white *alb*, from the Latin meaning 'white.' The priest prays: *Dealba me, Domine, et munda cor meum; ut in sanguine Agni dealbatus, gaudiis prefruar sempiternis*, 'Make me white, O Lord, and cleanse my heart; that being made white in the Blood of the Lamb I may deserve an eternal reward.' The *alb* symbolizes purity. (see Apoc 7:14)

The cincture comes next, and looks like a belt made of rope. The word comes from the Latin *cingere*, to encircle. As the priest ties it around his waist he prays, *Praecinge me, Domine, cingulo puritatis, et exstingue in lumbis meis humorem libidinis; ut maneat in me virtus continentia et castitatis*, which means, 'Gird me, O Lord, with the cincture of purity, and quench in my heart the fire of concupiscence, that the virtue of continence and chastity may abide in me.' The cincture represents chastity, the perfection of the virtue of purity.

The maniple (from the Latin manus and plere, meaning 'hand' and 'fill') is placed over the left arm, accompanied by the prayer, Merear, Domine, portare manipulum fletus et doloris; ut cum exsultatione recipiam mercedem laboris. This translates as, 'May I deserve, O Lord, to bear the maniple of weeping and sorrow in order that I may joyfully reap the reward of my labours.' Symbolizing service, it is odd that the maniple does not appear in the modern liturgy.

The *stole* is then placed around the priest's neck, over his shoulders, and down the front of his alb. Traditionally, a priest crossed his stole so that he wore a cross next to his heart as he said Mass, whereas a bishop, who already wore his pectoral cross (the gold one he usually wears even when not saying Mass), wore his stole hanging straight down. It is not altogether clear why a priest is no longer required to wear the cross of Christ so close to his heart when he says Mass. Some priests still cross their stoles. The vesting prayer reads, Redde mihi, Domine, stolam immortalitatis, quam perdidi in praevaricatione primi parentis: et, quamvis indignus accedo ad tuum sacrum mysterium, merear tamen gaudium sempiternum, which means, 'Lord, restore the stole of immortality, which I lost through the collusion of our first parents, and, unworthy as I am to approach Thy sacred mysteries, may I yet gain eternal joy.' Because the stole represents the role of the priest in offering sacrifice for God's people and in leading and governing them, it symbolizes sacramental authority. Again, it is odd that the stole of authority remains in the post-Vatican II liturgy but the mani*ple* of service does not.

Finally, over all the other vestments is placed the chasuble, from the Latin *casa* meaning house, symbolizing charity, the queen of all the virtues which makes the yoke of Christ light and agreeable, ('Over all these things put on charity,' Col 3:14): *Domine, qui dixisti: Iugum meam suave est et onus meum leve: fac, ut istud portare sic valeam, quod consequar tuam gratiam. Amen.* 'O Lord, who has said, 'My yoke is sweet and My burden light,' grant that I may so carry it as to merit Thy grace. Amen.'